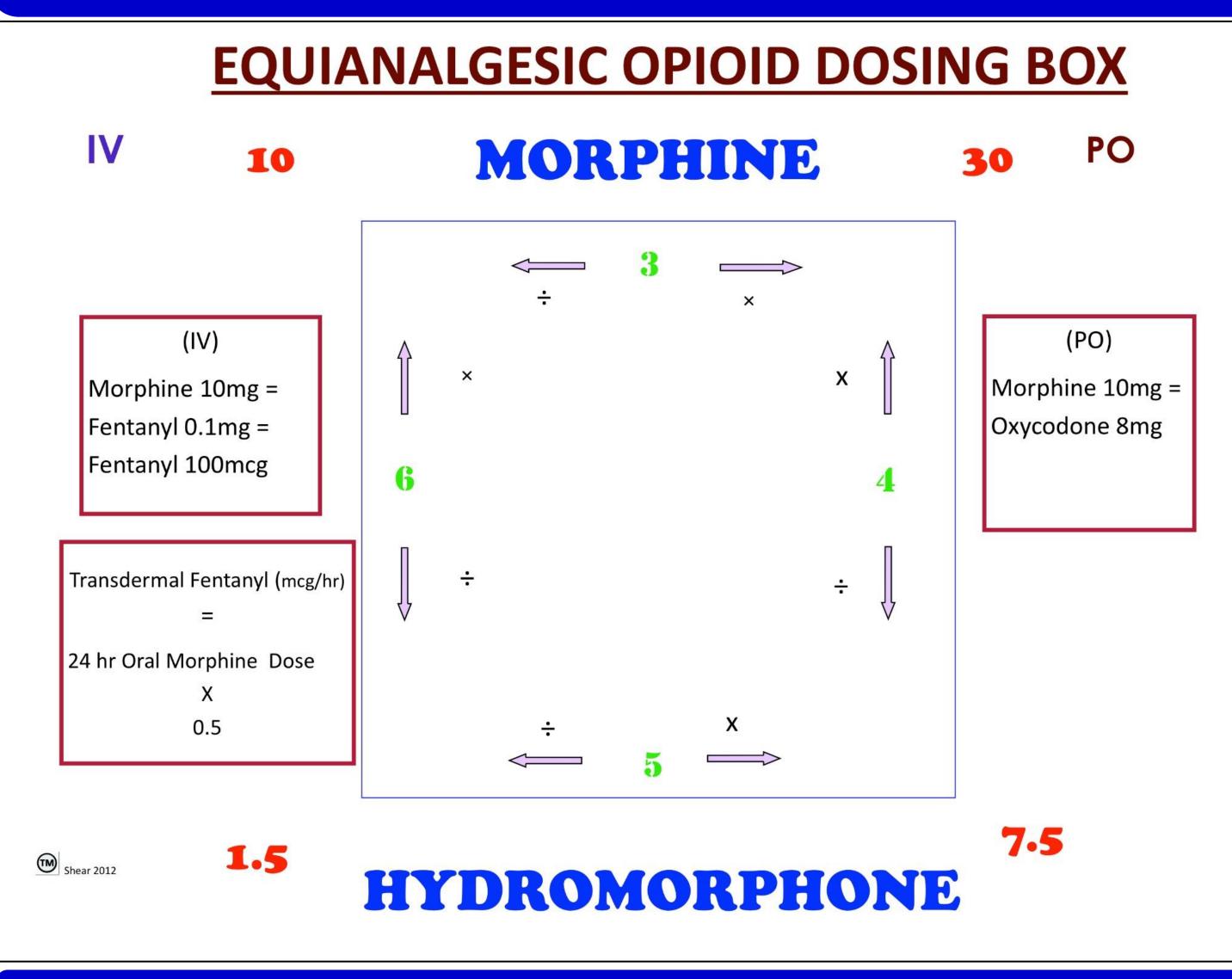
# The Opioid Square: A New Way to Learn Opioid Conversions

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# Background

Equianalgesic conversions between opioid drugs and oral and

intravenous formulations are a clinically important skill, for all practitioners who treat pain<sup>1</sup>. • Accuracy is critical to preventing adverse events<sup>2</sup>. Opioid conversion tables are a commonly used tool for teaching this skill, however needs assessment at our institution reveals the classic conversion table is sometimes difficult for learners to understand.

• A novel visual tool, the Opioid Square was developed to provide a different visual framework for opioid conversions.

### Methods

• The sample consisted of 200 students at a single academic institution who were learning opioid conversions for the first time during their Pharmacology class.

• Students were taught conversions using both the standard conversion table, and the Opioid Square method. An eight item conversion quiz followed, on various opioids and formulations of each.

• Students were allowed to use either tool and preferences were assessed with qualitative comments.

### **Objectives:**

The Opioid Square tool was evaluated in comparison to a classic conversion table in a single 2<sup>nd</sup> year medical school class, assessing both accuracy in making opioid conversions and preference for each tool.

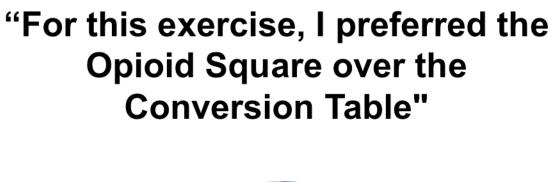
 Determine the degree to which the Opioid Square tool assists 2<sup>nd</sup> year medical students to correctly calculate opioid conversions

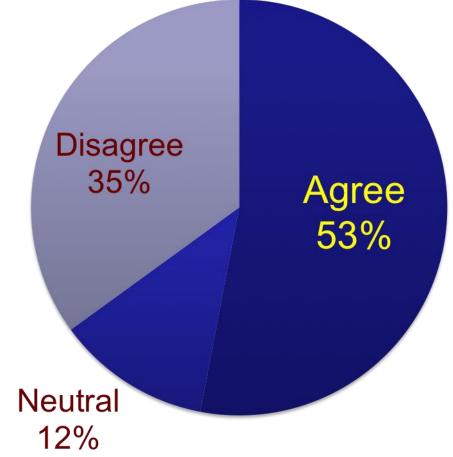
Evaluate 2<sup>nd</sup> year medical student's preference to use the Opioid Square in comparison to the classic equianagesic tables to calculate opioid conversions.

# Results

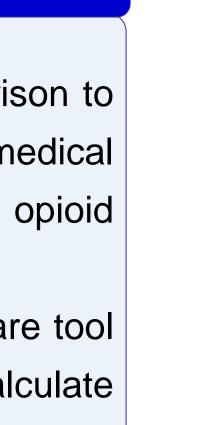
- 187/200 students completed study
- Accuracy of conversion questions generally good (85-100% correct)

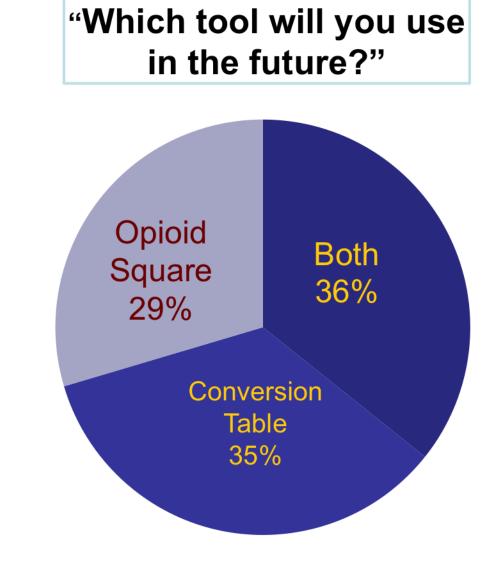
• No statistical differences in accuracy between **Opioid Square and conversion table** 











## Discussion

•Providing an alternative visual tool to the classic opioid conversion table was well received by students in this study.

•Study is limited to single institution in only 2<sup>nd</sup> year medical school class

•Future study may include evaluation in post graduate housestaff, faculty, or nursing students

### Conclusions

• The Opioid Square tool is not inferior to the classic opioid equianalgesic table for helping students make accurate conversions. •Many students preferred the Square. This tool may provide educators with an alternative visual framework for teaching conversions.

#### References

<sup>1</sup>Gordon, D. B., et al. (1999). Opioid equianalgesic calculations. Journal of **Palliative Medicine**, 2(2), 209-218. <sup>2</sup>Philip E. et al. Errors in Opioid Prescribing: A Prospective Survey in Cancer

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